October 3, 2018

Dear Dr. Tabak:

In follow up to our conversations and recent NIH notices, we wish to suggest a path forward that we believe will meet the needs of the National Institutes of Health (NIH) and the basic science community.

We appreciate having had the opportunity to meet with you, and we acknowledge that NIH has taken some positive steps (most recently, delaying enforcement of registering and reporting of basic science in ClinicialTrials.gov). However, we remain concerned about the problematic division of basic human research into clinical trial and non-clinical trial categories. As you know, the NIH released a definition and set of case studies in 2014 that adequately captured the distinction between clinical trials and basic research. This became problematic and confusing in 2017 when NIH's Office of Extramural Research adopted a very expansive interpretation of terms like "intervention" through new and revised case studies, thereby sweeping large swaths of basic research into the clinical trial category.

Relabeling basic science as a clinical trial runs the risk of subjecting that science to present and future regulatory burdens that are unrelated to the conduct of basic research. Basic research should be and is regulated, for example through federal, state, and local human participant protection rules. Labeling a subset of basic science as clinical trials creates a confusing and artificial distinction. For example, similar research ideas could be conveyed through different types of NIH grant applications with different registration and reporting requirements. For basic research labeled as clinical trials, the grant forms and reporting requirements can be a poor fit to the science and add significant administrative requirements for investigators and institutions. Moreover, inclusion of basic research in clinical trial portals would be misleading to the public.

We wish to offer a simple, two-part solution that we believe meets the goals of NIH and the needs of the human research community.

First, the fundamental research definition described in NOT-OD-18-212 and NOT-OD-18-217 adequately captures basic science research, and the 2014 definition and case studies adequately capture clinical trials. We urge NIH to return to the 2014 clinical trial case studies.

Second, we have been and remain committed to a registration and reporting system that is appropriately tailored to basic science. We recommend that *all* NIH-funded human research be registered and reported but also that the standards and methods for reporting be beneficial to the public and the research community and not create unnecessary administrative work. Once the comments on the RFI (NOT-OD-217) are collected, the focus should be on developing registration and reporting systems appropriate to basic research. This approach would capture far more research and would go further toward accomplishing the goals we share with NIH: ensuring respect for all human participants,

increasing transparency in reporting research studies and findings, and reducing the regulatory confusion that currently exists.

We firmly believe that our investigators are ready and willing to register and report any NIH-funded experiment undertaken for purposes of publication. We would support development of a registration and reporting framework appropriately tailored to the style of science involved (perhaps through multiple, NIH-approved portals) and minimal in its burden on investigators. This would be useful to the broader scientific community, facilitate the progress of science, and ultimately benefit the tax-paying public. If funding is an issue, we would be pleased to speak to Congress about the need for sufficient resources for NIH to develop such a system for this research.

## Sincerely,

American Anthropological Association

American Educational Research Association

American Psychological Association

American Society for Investigative Pathology

American Society for Pharmacology & Experimental Therapeutics

American Sociological Association

Association for Psychological Science

Association of American Universities

**Association of Population Centers** 

**Behavior Genetics Association** 

College of Social Science, Michigan State University

Consortium of Social Science Associations (COSSA)

Council of Colleges of Arts & Sciences (CCAS)

Council on Governmental Relations

Department of Psychology, Southern Methodist University

Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology

Federation of Associations in Behavioral and Brain Sciences

Harvard University

Linguistic Society of America

National Council on Family Relations

Population Association of America

Princeton University

**Psychonomic Society** 

Soc. for Behavioral Neuroendocrinology

Society for Computers in Psychology

Society for Mathematical Psychology

Society for Personality and Social Psychology

Society for Prevention Research

Society for Research in Child Development

Society for Social Work and Research

Society for Text and Discourse

Society for the Psychological Study of Social Issues

Society of Multivariate Experimental Psychology The Cognitive Science Society University of California, Davis University of Colorado Boulder University of Maryland Baltimore University of Maryland, College Park University of Virginia, Department of Psychology Vision Science Society